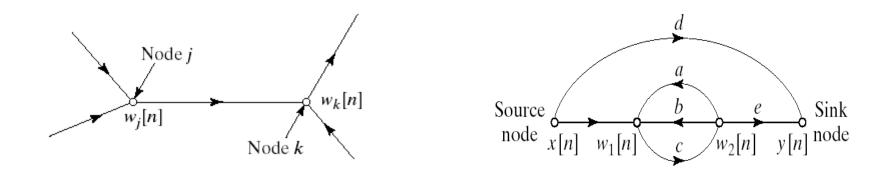
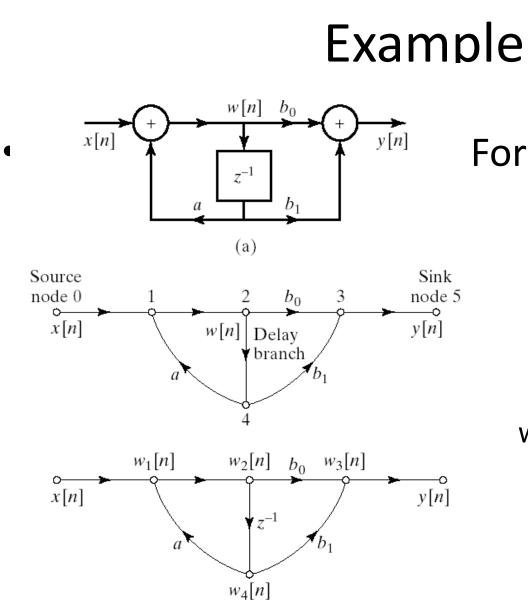
## Signal flow graphs

## Signal Flow Graph Representation

- Similar to block diagram representation
  - Notational differences
- A network of directed branches connected at nodes



• Example representation of a difference equation



$$w_{1}[n] = aw_{4}[n] + x[n]$$
Form<sub>2</sub>[n] #vit Insignal  

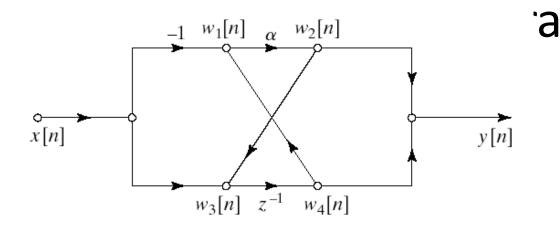
$$w_{3}[n] = b_{0}w_{2}[n] + b_{1}w_{4}[n]$$

$$w_{4}[n] = w_{2}[n - 1]$$

$$y[n] = w_{3}[n]$$

$$w_1[n] = a w_1[n-1] + x[n]$$
  
$$y[n] = b_0 w_1[n] + b_1 w_1[n-1]$$

## **Determination of System Function**



$$ph_{1}[n] = w_{4}[n] - x[n]$$
$$w_{2}[n] = \alpha w_{1}[n]$$
$$w_{3}[n] = w_{2}[n] + x[n]$$
$$w_{4}[n] = w_{3}[n - 1]$$
$$y[n] = w_{2}[n] + w_{4}[n]$$

$$\begin{split} & \mathsf{W}_{1}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) - \mathsf{X}(z) \\ & \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) = \alpha \mathsf{W}_{1}(z) \\ & \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) = \alpha \mathsf{W}_{1}(z) \\ & \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) + \mathsf{X}(z) \\ & \mathsf{W}_{3}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) + \mathsf{X}(z) \\ & \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) \\ & \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) \\ & \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) + \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) \\ & \mathsf{Y}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) + \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) \\ & \mathsf{Y}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) + \mathsf{W}_{4}(z) \end{split} \\ & \mathsf{H}(z) = \frac{\mathsf{Y}(z)}{\mathsf{X}(z)} = \frac{\mathsf{Z}^{-1} - \alpha}{\mathsf{X}(z)} \\ & \mathsf{H}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) = \mathsf{W}_{2}(z) \\ & \mathsf{H}(z) \\$$